

## DO ROZDZIAŁU VI

- 6.45.  $y' = x^2(1 - 6x + 13x^2 - 12x^3)$ .
- 6.46.  $y' = 75x^{14} - 2x + \frac{1}{3}$ .
- 6.47.  $y' = 3ax^2 - \frac{b}{x^2}$ .
- 6.48.  $y' = -\frac{12}{x^4}$ .
- 6.49.  $y' = 63x^6 - 15x^{-6} + 33x^{-12}$ .
- 6.50.  $y' = 7x^{4/3} - 13x^{9/4} - \frac{2}{7}x^{-3/2}$ .
- 6.51.  $x \neq 0, y' = \frac{2}{5\sqrt[3]{x^3}}$ .
- 6.52.  $y' = \frac{35}{3}\sqrt[3]{x^4}$ .
- 6.53.  $x > 0, y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} - 3x^2 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt[4]{x}}$ .
- 6.54.  $x > 0, y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt[5]{x^2}} - 3\sqrt{x}$ .
- 6.55.  $x > 0, y' = \frac{-4}{3\sqrt[3]{x^5}} - \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$ .
- 6.56.  $x > 0, y' = \frac{-5}{7\sqrt[7]{x^6}} - 14x^6 - \frac{3}{4\sqrt{x^3}}$ .
- 6.57.  $t > 0, x' = \frac{7}{2}\sqrt{t^5}$ .
- 6.58.  $x \neq 0, y' = \frac{-7}{(\sqrt{x})^9}$ .
- 6.59.  $y' = 16x - 3x^2$ .
- 6.60.  $y' = 24x^2 + \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{x}$ .
- 6.61.  $x \neq \frac{2}{3}, y' = \frac{-9}{(3x-2)^2}$ .
- 6.62.  $2x^2 - 5x + 1 \neq 0, y' = \frac{-20x+25}{(2x^2-5x+1)^2}$ .
- 6.63.  $7x^5 - x + 2 \neq 0, y' = \frac{-3x(21x^5+x-4)}{(7x^5-x+2)^2}$ .
- 6.64.  $x^3 + x - 1 \neq 0, y' = \frac{8x^2(2x-3)}{(x^3+x-1)^2}$ .
- 6.65.  $x \neq 1, y' = \frac{-4}{(x-1)^2}$ .
- 6.66.  $y' = \frac{-x^2+74x+7}{(x^2+7)^2}$ .
- 6.67.  $x \neq -3, x \neq 1, y' = \frac{4x(x-3)}{(x+3)^2(x-1)^2}$ .
- 6.68.  $x \neq \pm 1, x \neq \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}, y' = \frac{-6x(1+3x-5x^3)}{(1-x^2)^2(1-2x^3)^2}$ .
- 6.69.  $x > 0, x \neq 1, y' = \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}(1-\sqrt[3]{x})^2}$ .
- 6.70.  $t > 0, z' = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{t}(1+\sqrt{2t})^2}$ .
- 6.71.  $s' = 21(3t+1)^6$ .
- 6.72.  $v' = 5(4z^2 - 5z + 13)^4(8z - 5)$ .
- 6.73.  $t \neq 0, x' = \frac{-4}{t^2} \left( \frac{1}{t} + 4 \right)^3$ .
- 6.74.  $t \neq 0, s' = 6 \left( 14t + \frac{4}{t^2} \right) \left( 7t^2 - \frac{4}{t} + 6 \right)^5$ .

- 6.75.  $|x| > 2$ ,  $y' = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 4}}$ .
- 6.76.  $ax^2 + bx + c > 0$ ,  $z' = \frac{2ax + b}{2\sqrt{ax^2 + bx + c}}$ .
- 6.77.  $t < \frac{2}{3}$ ,  $y' = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2-3t})^3}$ .
- 6.78.  $0 < t < 6$ ,  $s' = \frac{t-3}{(\sqrt{6t-t^2})^3}$ .
- 6.79.  $y' = \frac{4x^2}{\sqrt[3]{(2-x^3)^7}}$ .
- 6.80.  $y' = -\frac{p}{n} \cdot \frac{b}{\sqrt[n]{(a+bx)^{p+n}}}$ .
- 6.81.  $y' = \frac{pnx^{p-1}}{(b-x^p)^{n+1}}$ .
- 6.82.  $x > 1$ ,  $y' = -\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{(\sqrt[4]{x-1})^7}$ .
- 6.83.  $a \neq 0$ ,  $u' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2+v^2}(v-\sqrt{a^2+v^2})}$ .
- 6.84.  $-a < x < a$ ,  $y' = \frac{-a}{(a+x)\sqrt{(a+x)(a-x)}}$ .
- 6.85.  $a^2 - z^2 > 0$ ,  $v' = \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{(a^2-z^2)^3}}$ .
- 6.86.  $x > 0$ ,  $y' = \frac{3(1-3x^2)}{2\sqrt{x}(x^2+1)^2}$ .
- 6.87.  $x \neq -1$ ,  $y' = \frac{x(x^3+2)}{(\sqrt[3]{x^3+1})^4}$ .
- 6.88.  $(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4) > 0$ ,  $z' = \frac{-2x^2+10x-11}{(x-3)(x-4)\sqrt{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)(x-4)}}$ .
- 6.89.  $x \neq a$ ,  $z' = \frac{2a^2x}{(a^2+x^2)\sqrt{a^4-x^4}}$ .
- 6.90.  $t \neq 1$ ,  $s' = \frac{-1}{2(1+\sqrt{t})\sqrt{t(1-t)}}$ .
- 6.91.  $v \neq \pm 1$ ,  $u' = \frac{1-\sqrt{1-v^2}}{v^2\sqrt{1-v^2}}$ .
- 6.92.  $y' = u'vw + uv'w + uvw'$ .
- 6.93.  $a \neq 0$ ,  $v' = \frac{-1}{a} \sin \frac{t}{a}$ .
- 6.94.  $x' = ab \cos bt$ .
- 6.95.  $x \neq 0$ ,  $y' = \frac{-a^2}{x^2} \cos \frac{a}{x}$ .
- 6.96.  $z' = 4 \cos^2 x$ .
- 6.97.  $s' = 3 \sin 6t$ .
- 6.98.  $v' = -5 \sin \frac{1}{4}t \cos^4 \frac{1}{4}t$ .
- 6.99.  $\cos t \neq 0$ ,  $s' = \frac{4 \sin t}{\cos^5 t}$ .
- 6.100.  $\sin 2t \neq 0$ ,  $v' = \frac{-30 \cos 2t}{\sin^4 2t}$ .
- 6.101.  $\sin 2t \neq 0$ ,  $s' = \frac{\sin^3 t - \cos^3 t}{\sin^2 2t}$ .

$$6.102. \alpha \neq 0, \sin \alpha \neq 0, z' = (\alpha \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) \left( \frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \right).$$

$$6.103. \operatorname{tg} x \neq -1, y' = \frac{(1 + \operatorname{tg} x)(\sin x + x \cos x) - x \sin x \sec^2 x}{(1 + \operatorname{tg} x)^2}.$$

$$6.104. \sin 2x \neq -1, y' = \frac{\sin x + \cos x + x(\sin x - \cos x)}{1 + \sin 2x}.$$

$$6.105. y' = -\sin^3 x.$$

$$6.106. y' = \sin^2 x \cos^5 x.$$

$$6.107. x \neq 0, \cos \sqrt{x} \neq 0, y' = \frac{2 \sin^3 \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} \cos^5 \sqrt{x}}.$$

$$6.108. \sin x \neq 0, y' = \frac{-3}{\sin^4 x}.$$

$$6.109. y' = (a^2 + 1)e^{ax} \sin x.$$

$$6.110. y' = xe^{2x}(2 \sin x + x \cos x + 2x \sin x).$$

$$6.111. x > 0, y' = \frac{\sin 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}}{2x \sqrt{x}}.$$

$$6.112. x > 0, y' = -3 \sqrt{\frac{3}{x^3}} \sin^2 \sqrt{\frac{3}{x}} \cos \sqrt{\frac{3}{x}}.$$

$$6.113. \cos x \neq 0, y' = \frac{7 \sin^3 x}{\cos^2 x}.$$

$$6.114. \sin x \neq 0, y' = -3 \frac{\cos x}{\sin^4 x} (2 + \cos^2 x).$$

$$6.115. x > 0, \sin x \neq 0, y' = \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{\sin x + \sqrt{x+2} \sqrt{x}}} \left[ \cos x + \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{x+2} \sqrt{x}} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \right].$$

$$6.116. x \neq 0, \cos \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right) \neq 0, \operatorname{tg} \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right) > -1,$$

$$y' = \frac{x^2 - 1}{2x^2 \cos^2 \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right) \sqrt{1 + \operatorname{tg} \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right)}}.$$

$$6.117. \cos 3u \neq 0, z' = \frac{3}{\cos^2 3u}.$$

$$6.118. z' = \operatorname{tg}^2 u + \operatorname{ctg}^2 u.$$

$$6.119. y' = 4 \cos 4x.$$

$$6.120. y' = \frac{3}{1 + 9x^2}.$$

$$6.121. y' = \frac{14}{4 + x^2}.$$

$$6.122. 0 < t < 2, x' = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{t(2-t)}}.$$

$$6.123. \quad -1 < t < 1, \quad x' = \frac{t}{|t| \sqrt{1-t^2}}.$$

$$6.124. \quad 0 < t < 1, \quad x' = \frac{3\sqrt{t}}{2\sqrt{1-t^3}}.$$

$$6.125. \quad |t| > 1, \quad x' = \frac{-1}{|t| \sqrt{t^2-1}}.$$

6.126.  $y' = 0$ . Uwaga. W przedziale  $0 < x < 1$  zachodzą następujące równości  $\arcsin \sqrt{1-x^2} = \arccos x$  i  $\arcsin x + \arccos x = \frac{1}{2}\pi$ , a więc w tym przedziale funkcja  $y$  jest stała:  $y = \frac{1}{2}\pi$ .

$$6.127. \quad -1 < t < 1, \quad x' = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-t^2}}.$$

$$6.128. \quad y' = \frac{1}{2(x^2+1)}.$$

$$6.129. \quad x > 1, \quad y' = \frac{x \ln x}{\sqrt{(x^2-1)^2}}.$$

$$6.130. \quad y' = \operatorname{arctg} x.$$

$$6.131. \quad y' = x^4 \operatorname{arctg} x + \frac{x^5 - x}{5(1+x^2)} + \frac{1}{5}x^3 - \frac{1}{5}x. \quad 6.132. \quad y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}.$$

$$6.133. \quad -1 < x < 1, \quad y' = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{(1+x^2)\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

$$6.134. \quad -1 < x < 1, \quad y' = \frac{-1}{2\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)}}$$

$$6.135. \quad y' = \frac{1}{1+x^2}.$$

$$6.136. \quad y' = \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)}.$$

$$6.137. \quad y' = \frac{1}{2(1+x^2)}.$$

$$6.138. \quad \operatorname{arctg} 2x \neq 0, \quad y' = \frac{\pi}{(1+4x^2)(\operatorname{arctg} 2x)^2}.$$

$$6.139. \quad \arcsin y \neq \pm 1, \quad z' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y^2}[(\arcsin y)^2-1]} \sqrt{\frac{1-\arcsin y}{1+\arcsin y}}.$$

$$6.140. \quad y' = 3x^2 \operatorname{arctg}^3 x + \frac{3x^5}{1+x^6}.$$

$$6.141. \quad y \neq \pm \frac{1}{4}, \quad z' = \frac{4}{(1-4y)^2} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1-4y}{1+4y}} + \arcsin 4y \right).$$

$$6.142. \quad y' = -\frac{\sin x}{2+\sin x}.$$

$$6.143. \quad y' = -\frac{1}{a+b \cos x}.$$

$$6.144. \quad y' = 3e^{3x}.$$

$$6.145. \quad y' = \frac{5}{2}e^{\frac{1}{2}x}.$$

$$6.146. \quad y' = e^x (f(x) + f'(x)).$$

$$6.147. \quad y' = 3e^{-2x} (-2g(x) + g'(x)).$$

$$6.148. \quad y' = e^{\sin x} \cos x.$$

$$6.149. \quad y' = -5e^{\cos x} \sin x.$$

$$6.150. \quad y' = -e^{\cos^2 x} \sin 2x.$$

$$6.151. \quad y' = 18e^{2\sin^3 x} \sin^2 x \cos x.$$

6.152.  $z' = v^3 e^v$ .

6.154.  $x > 0, z' = \frac{4x^2 + 1}{4x\sqrt{x}} e^x$ .

6.156.  $y' = 5^x \ln 5 + 2^x \ln 2$ .

6.158.  $y' = 2 \cdot 7^x \ln 7$ .

6.160.  $a > 0, y' = a^{2x} x^{n-1} (2x \ln a + n)$ .

6.162.  $y' = 70 \cdot 5^{10x} \ln 5$ .

6.164.  $x \neq 0, y' = \frac{5}{x}$ .

6.166.  $x \neq 2, z' = \frac{-3}{x-2}$ .

6.168.  $t > |2|, y' = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{t^2-4}}$ .

6.170.  $a^2 \cos^2 x \neq b^2 \sin^2 x, y' = \frac{2ab}{a^2 \cos^2 x - b^2 \sin^2 x}$ .

6.171.  $\cos x \neq 0, y' = \frac{1}{\cos x}$ .

6.173.  $\cos x \neq 0, y' = \frac{1}{\cos x}$ .

6.175.  $x \neq 0, x \neq 1, y' = \frac{1}{(1-x)\sqrt{x}}$ .

6.176.  $y' = \frac{-2}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}$ . Wskazówka. Usunąć niewymierność z mianownika.

6.177.  $y' = \operatorname{ctg} x$ .

6.178.  $x > 0, x \neq 1, y' = \frac{1}{(1-x)\sqrt{x}}$ .

6.180.  $y' = \frac{1 - \ln(\ln x)}{x(\ln x)^2} = \frac{1 - y \ln x}{x(\ln x)^2}$ .

6.182.  $x > 0, y' = 5x^{5x} (\ln x + 1)$ .

6.153.  $z' = e^{3x} (30x^2 + 20x - 3)$ .

6.155.  $y' = (1 + k^2) e^k \arcsin x$ .

6.157.  $y' = 3^x x^2 (x \ln 3 + 3)$ .

6.159.  $y' = 15 \cdot 10^{3x} \ln 10$ .

6.161.  $x \neq 0, y' = \frac{1}{x}$ .

6.163.  $x \neq -3, z' = \frac{-1}{x+3}$ .

6.165.  $s' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{t^2+1}}$ .

6.167.  $t \neq \pm 1, s' = \frac{1}{1-t^2}$ .

6.169.  $x \neq 0, x \neq 1, y' = \frac{1}{x \ln |x|}$ .

6.172.  $y' = -\operatorname{tg} \frac{1}{2} x$ .

6.174.  $y' = 8 \operatorname{ctg}^5 x \cos x$ .

6.179.  $y' = -\frac{a}{x(a+x)}$ .

6.181.  $y' = -\frac{\ln a}{x(\ln x)^2}$ .

6.183.  $x > 0, y' = -30x^{-3x} (\ln x + 1)$ .

$$6.184. x \neq 0, y' = x^{\sin x} \left( \frac{\sin x}{x} + \cos x \ln x \right). \quad 6.185. y' = 3x^{\cos x} \left( \frac{\cos x}{x} - \sin x \ln x \right).$$

$$6.186. \frac{a}{x} > 0, y' = \left( \frac{a}{x} \right)^x \left( \ln \frac{a}{x} - 1 \right). \quad 6.187. x > 0, y' = x^{\frac{1}{x}-2} (1 - \ln x).$$

$$6.188. a > 0, y' = x^{\ln a - 1} \ln a.$$

Wskazówka.  $a = e^{\ln a}$ ,  $a^{\ln x} = (e^{\ln a})^{\ln x} = (e^{\ln x})^{\ln a} = (x^{\ln a})$ .

$$6.189. y' = 5^{\ln 2} \ln 5 x^{\ln 5 - 1}.$$

$$6.190. y' = 0. \text{ Uwaga. Pochodna } y' = 0, \text{ ponieważ } y = x^{1/\ln x} = (e^{\ln x})^{1/\ln x} = e.$$

$$6.191. \sin x > 0, y' = (\sin x)^{\cos x} \left( \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} - \sin x \ln \sin x \right).$$

$$6.192. x > 0, y' = (\arctg x)^x \left( \ln \arctg x + \frac{x}{(1+x^2) \arctg x} \right).$$

$$6.193. \operatorname{tg} x > 0, y' = (\operatorname{tg} x)^{\sin x} \left( \frac{1}{\cos x} + \cos x \ln \operatorname{tg} x \right).$$

$$6.194. \operatorname{tg} x > 0, y' = (\operatorname{tg} x)^{\frac{1}{\cos x}} \left( \frac{1}{\sin x \cos^2 x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos^2 x} \ln \operatorname{tg} x \right).$$

$$6.195. \cos x > 0, \sin x \neq 0, y' = -(\cos x)^{\operatorname{ctg} x} \left( \frac{\ln \cos x}{\sin^2 x} + 1 \right).$$

$$6.196. y' = e^{x+e^x}.$$

$$6.197. \text{Jeżeli } x > 0, \text{ to } x = e^{\ln x}, y = x^{e^x} = (e^{\ln x})^{e^x} = e^{e^x \ln x},$$

$$y' = e^{e^x \ln x} \left( e^x \ln x + e^x \frac{1}{x} \right) = e^{e^x \ln x} e^x \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right) = e^{x+e^x \ln x} \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right),$$

albo inaczej:

$$\ln y = e^x \ln x, (\ln y)' = \frac{y'}{y} = e^x \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right), y' = y e^x \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right) = e^{e^x} e^x \left( \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right).$$

$$6.198. \text{Jeżeli } x > 0, \text{ to } x = e^{\ln x}, x^x = e^{x \ln x}, y = x^{x^x} = e^{e^x \ln x \ln x},$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &= e^{e^x \ln x \ln x} (e^{x \ln x} \ln x)' = x^{x^x} \left( e^{x \ln x} (x \ln x)' \ln x + e^{x \ln x} \frac{1}{x} \right) = \\ &= x^{x^x} e^{x \ln x} \left( (\ln x)^2 + \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right) = x^{x+x^x} \left( (\ln x)^2 + \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right), \end{aligned}$$

albo inaczej:

$$\ln y = x^x \ln x, (\ln y)' = \frac{y'}{y} = (x^x)' \ln x + x^x \frac{1}{x},$$

ale

$$(x^x)' = (e^{x \ln x})' = e^{x \ln x} (x \ln x)' = x^x (\ln x + 1),$$

więc

$$\frac{y'}{y} = x^x (\ln x + 1) \ln x + x^x \frac{1}{x} = x^x \left( (\ln x)^2 + \ln x + \frac{1}{x} \right),$$

skąd

$$y' = x^{x^2} x^x ((\ln x)^2 + \ln x + 1).$$

$$6.199. y' = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x \left(\ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) - \frac{1}{1+x}\right). \quad 6.200. y' = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{1/x} \left(\frac{\ln x - 1}{x^2}\right).$$

$$6.201. v = \frac{ds}{dt} = -\frac{3}{2} t^{-\frac{3}{2}}, \quad v\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = -12. \quad 6.202. v = \frac{ds}{dt} = 15t^{\frac{2}{3}}, \quad v(4) = 30.$$

$$6.203. v = \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{40}{3} \sqrt[3]{2} t^{\frac{2}{3}}, \quad v(2) = \frac{80}{3}. \quad 6.204. v = \frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} t^{-\frac{1}{2}}, \quad v(2) = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4}.$$

$$6.205. 45^\circ.$$

$$6.206. 135^\circ.$$

$$6.207. \text{ W punktach } (-4, 4) \text{ i } (2, -2).$$

$$6.208. \text{ W punkcie } (0, 1).$$

$$6.209. \text{ Stałe pole } |2C|.$$

$$6.210. \text{ Stała długość } a.$$

$$6.211. p^2 - 4q = 0.$$

$$6.212. \left(\frac{1}{3}p\right)^3 + \left(\frac{1}{2}q\right)^2 = 0.$$

$$6.213. \text{ W punkcie } \left(\frac{1}{2}, -\ln 2\right).$$

$$6.214. \operatorname{tg} \varphi = 2\sqrt{2}.$$

$$6.215. 7 \text{ km/h.} \quad 6.216. 5.$$

$$6.217. 2\sqrt{3} r, -2\sqrt{3} r.$$

$$6.226. y'' = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$6.227. y'' = \frac{-16x}{(1+4x^2)^2}.$$

$$6.228. y'' = \frac{2(\sqrt{1-x^2} + x \arcsin x)}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$6.229. y'' = \frac{2(1-x^2)}{(1+x^2)^2}.$$

$$6.230. y = \frac{1}{3} \ln(1+x^2), \quad y'' = \frac{2(1-x^2)}{3(1+x^2)^2}.$$

$$6.231. y'' = e^{\sin x} (2 \cos x + x \cos^2 x - x \sin x).$$

$$6.232. y'' = e^{\varphi(x)} ((\varphi'(x))^2 + \varphi''(x)).$$

$$6.233. x > 0; \quad y''' = \frac{42}{125} x^{-12/5}.$$

$$6.234. x \neq 1; \quad y''' = \frac{12}{(1-x)^4}.$$

$$6.235. y''' = 27 \cos(1-3x).$$

$$6.236. 0.$$

$$6.237. -\frac{1}{2}. \quad 6.238. 2.$$

$$6.239. 0.$$

$$6.240. 1.$$

6.241.  $-4.$

6.242.  $2.$

6.243.  $-2.$

6.244.  $-8.$

6.245.  $s' = -1, s'' = -12.$

6.246.  $s' = -20, s'' = 4.$

6.247.  $s' = 0, s'' = 0.$

6.248.  $s' = -3, s'' = 18.$

6.249.  $s'' = 18.$

6.250.  $s'' = \frac{1}{4}(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{9}\sqrt{2})\sqrt{3}.$

6.251.  $y^{(n)} = \cos(x + n \cdot \frac{1}{2}\pi).$

6.252.  $y^{(n)} = n!.$

6.253.  $x > 0; y^{(n)} = (-1)^{n-1} \cdot \frac{(n-1)!}{x^n}.$

6.254.  $x > 0, n > 1; y^{(n)} = (-1)^{n-1} \cdot \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n-3)}{2^n x^n} \sqrt{x}.$

6.255.  $x \neq 0, n > 1; y^{(n)} = (-1)^{n-1} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 8 \cdot \dots \cdot (3n-4)}{3^n x^n} \sqrt[3]{x}.$

6.256.  $ax + b \neq 0; y^{(n)} = (-a)^n \cdot \frac{n!}{(ax + b)^{n+1}}.$

6.259. Prawo ruchu dla punktu  $M_1$ :  $x = a \cos \omega t$ ; prędkość w chwili  $t$  jest równa  $-\omega a \sin \omega t$ , przyspieszenie w chwili  $t$  wynosi  $-\omega^2 a \cos \omega t$ . Prędkość początkowa 0, przyspieszenie początkowe  $-\omega^2 a$ , prędkość przy  $x=0$  wynosi  $-\omega a$ , przyspieszenie przy  $x=0$  wynosi 0.

6.260. Prędkość równa się  $b - 2ct$ , przyspieszenie  $-2c$ ;  $t = b/2c$ .

## DO ROZDZIAŁU VII

7.11.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -2.$

7.12.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{b}{a} \operatorname{ctg} t.$

7.13.  $t \neq 1, t \neq -1, \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-(t^2+1)}{t(t-2)(t+1)^2},$  gdzie  $t \neq 0, t \neq 2.$

7.14.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2t}{t+1}.$

7.15.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{a}{b} \left( \frac{b-t}{a-t} \right)^2.$

7.16.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{t+1}{t(t^2+1)}.$

7.17.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{t^2-1}{2t}.$

7.18.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2(t+1)^2}.$

7.19.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2t}{1-t^2}.$

7.20.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \operatorname{ctg} \frac{1}{2}t.$

7.21.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\operatorname{tg} t.$